## Aluminium is fully recyclable and the benefits of its recycling are clear



## The available quantity of end-of-life aluminium scrap today is limited



## Calling for high aluminium recycled content in specific applications will not result in a more circular economy


 recycled aluminium being limited, increasing the recycled content of an aluminium product is highly likely to result in decreasing the recycled content of another. The overall environmental benefit is therefore nil.


The benefit can even be negative in case of less optimized material flows resulting in increases in overall transportation distances and in the related burden on the environment.

## Encouraging end-of-life recycling

is the right thing to do


## The Aluminium Closures Group does not support the communication of recycled content figures at product level <br> Additional clarifications:



But this cannot serve as an indicator of the environmental performance of the product, even less as an argument for environmental claim.


A recycled content figure alone is not suited in the context of life-cycle assessments (LCA) of aluminium parts. For that purpose, a full LCA including end-oflife recycling credits is the most appropriate approach.

The ISO 14021 standard's definition of recycled content does not include recycled aluminium stemming from production scraps, it only includes pre and post-consumer recycled content.

